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SEC. 17. No person shall remove, or carry in, or through, any of the streets, squares, courts, lanes, avenues, or alleys within the city of Concord any swill or house offal, animal or vegetable, grease or bones, or any refuse substance from any dwelling houses, or other places in the city, unless such person so removing, or carrying the same, shall have been expressly licensed by the board of health annually.

SEC. 18. No person shall transport fat, bones, or decayed, putrified, or vile-smelling animal or vegetable substances within the city limits, except in water-tight, securely covered vessels from which no odor can escape.

**Milk and Cream—Production, Care, and Sale. (Chap. XIII, Ord. Aug. 15, 1912.)**

SEC. 19. The provisions of an act passed by the Legislature of the State of New Hampshire and approved March 22, 1901, entitled "An act in amendment of chapter 127 of the public statutes, relating to the inspection of milk," are hereby adopted to be in force in the city.

SEC. 20. The condition under which every cow is kept whose milk is sold or exposed for sale in the city of Concord shall be made known to the board of health if said board shall deem it necessary.

SEC. 21. No milk shall be sold or offered for sale unless the cow is free from disease dangerous to the public health.

SEC. 22. No milk kept for sale shall be stored, strained, cooled, or mixed in any room used in whole or in part for sleeping purposes or for the stabling of horses or cattle or other animals or for the storage of manure, offal, or other offensive matter.

SEC. 23. All rooms in which milk is stored, cooled, strained, or mixed shall be kept constantly clean. Proper apparatus shall be provided for washing or sterilizing all utensils used in handling milk, and such utensils shall be washed with boiling water or sterilized by steam after being so used.

SEC. 24. No urinal, water-closet, or privy shall be located in the rooms mentioned in the preceding sections or so situated as to pollute the atmosphere of said rooms.

SEC. 25. All milk produced for the purpose of sale shall be strained and cooled as soon as it is drawn from the cow.

SEC. 26. Milk kept for sale shall at all times register on test a temperature not higher than 50° F. and shall be stored in a covered cooler, box, or refrigerator.

SEC. 27. All cans, bottles, or other vessels of any sort used in the sale and handling of milk shall be cleaned or sterilized before they are used again for the same purpose.

SEC. 28. No person shall use a milk vessel as a container for any substance other than milk.

SEC. 29. Every person engaged in the production, storage, transportation, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk, immediately on the occurrence of any case or cases of infectious disease, either in himself or in his family or amongst his employees or their immediate associates, or within the building or premises where milk is stored, sold, or distributed, shall notify the sanitary officer.

SEC. 30. No person having an infectious disease, or having recently been in contact with a person having an infectious disease, shall milk or handle cows, measures, or other vessels used for milk intended for sale or in any way take part or assist in handling milk intended for sale until all danger of communicating such disease to other persons shall have passed.

SEC. 31. No vessels which have been handled by persons suffering from such an infectious disease shall be used to hold or convey milk until they have been thoroughly sterilized.

SEC. 32. No bottle, can, or receptacle used for the reception or storage of milk shall be removed from a private house, apartment, or tenement wherein a person has an infectious disease.

SEC. 33. No person, by himself, or by his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, firm, or corporation shall bring into the city of Concord for the

purposes of sale, exchange, or delivery or sell, exchange, or deliver any milk, skimmed milk, or cream which contains more than 500,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter, or which has a temperature higher than 50° F.

SEC. 34. The board of health shall keep a record of all inspections made under or by virtue of this ordinance and of the results of such inspections; and shall make a report each month to the board of aldermen showing all inspections made, and the results of such inspections, during the preceding month.

**Vaccination of School Children. (Chap. XIII, Ord. Aug. 15, 1912.)**

SEC. 35. No child shall attend any public, parochial, or private school in the city of Concord unless he has complied with the State vaccination law, and no pupil shall be allowed to attend school without a certificate of vaccination bearing the seal of the board of health, said certificate to be issued upon the presentation of such evidence as shall be deemed satisfactory by the board of health. If practical, such evidence shall consist of a certificate of vaccination showing the date of such vaccination and the fact that it was successful, made by a party deemed qualified by the board of health to vaccinate and it shall be presented to the board of health, and such certificate shall be indorsed by the board of health. If it is not practical to get such a certificate, or if a child has had the smallpox, the board of health shall, upon satisfactory evidence of vaccination, or that the child has had the smallpox, issue to such a child a certificate permitting him to attend school.

SEC. 36. The board of health shall keep a card-index record of all the vaccination cards indorsed by the board and of all the certificates issued permitting scholars to attend school as above provided for. The city physician shall at all times be prepared to vaccinate, at the expense of the city, any scholar who is unable to pay therefor.

**Communicable Diseases—Reporting of Cases of. (Chap. XIII, Ord. Aug. 15, 1912.)**

SEC. 37. It shall be, and is hereby, made the duty of every physician, surgeon, or other person attending upon a case of smallpox, epidemic cholera, epidemic dysentery, diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, measles, yellow fever, or other dangerous, contagious, infectious, or pestilential disease, and of every householder, attendant, or agent, in whose house a case of any such disease occurs, to report every such case to the sanitary officer within 24 hours after first having knowledge of the same, giving the number of the house, the street, avenue, or lane upon which it is situated and the name of the occupant or occupants, with the name and age of the diseased person, if known. The board of health shall prescribe a course of action which shall be followed by the sanitary officer in all ordinary cases to prevent the spread of such disease. All cases of smallpox and diphtheria and others not covered by the general instructions shall be at once reported by the sanitary officer to said board, who shall take such further or different action as they may deem expedient, and who may in cases of emergency, with the approval of the finance committee of the board of aldermen, employ, at the expense of the city, such medical advice and assistance, in addition to the services of the city physician, as in their judgment may be necessary.

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**Births and Deaths, Registration of—Interments. (Chap. XVII, Ord. Aug. 15, 1912.)**

SECTION 1. The city clerk shall be registrar of vital statistics, and as such shall keep a full record of all births and deaths as is hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The attending physician, accoucheur, midwife, or other person in charge who shall attend, assist, or advise at the birth of any child within the limits of the city shall report to the registrar aforesaid within six days thereafter, stating the date of birth, sex, and color of said child (or children) born, whether stillborn or not, and the full name, nativity, residence, and occupation of the parents.